

*bdAccess*

BDM interface library

*CPU32*



# Installation Manual

Manual Version 1.00 for BDI1000

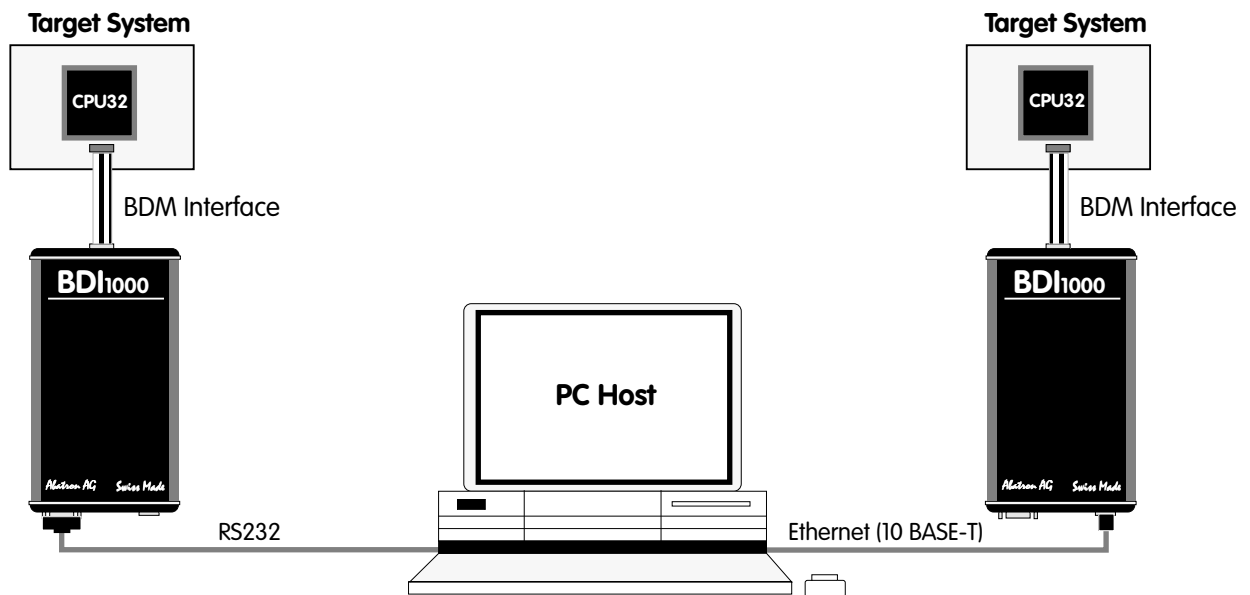


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## 1 Introduction



The bdiAccess library is a Windows DLL that can be used to access the BDI1000 functions. With this library, a Windows program can take advantage of the BDM interface of a CPU32 target processor and execute the following tasks:

- Read/Write target registers
- Read/Write target memory
- Reset/Startup target
- Flash programming
- Start/Stop program execution

This Installation Manual shows how to connect the BDI1000 to a CPU32 target and how to install the bdiAccess software. The interface to the library is defined in a different document that is target independent.

### 1.1 BDI1000

The BDI1000 is a processor system in a small box. It implements the interface between the BDM pins of the target CPU and a 10Base-T Ethernet / RS232 connector. BDI1000 is powered by a MC68331, 256Kbyte RAM and a flash memory of 512Kbyte. As a result of consistent implementation of lasted technology, the BDI1000 is optimally prepared for further enhancements. The firmware and the programmable logic of the BDI1000 can be updated by the user with a simple Windows based configuration program. The BDI1000 supports target system voltages from 2.7 up to 5 Volts.

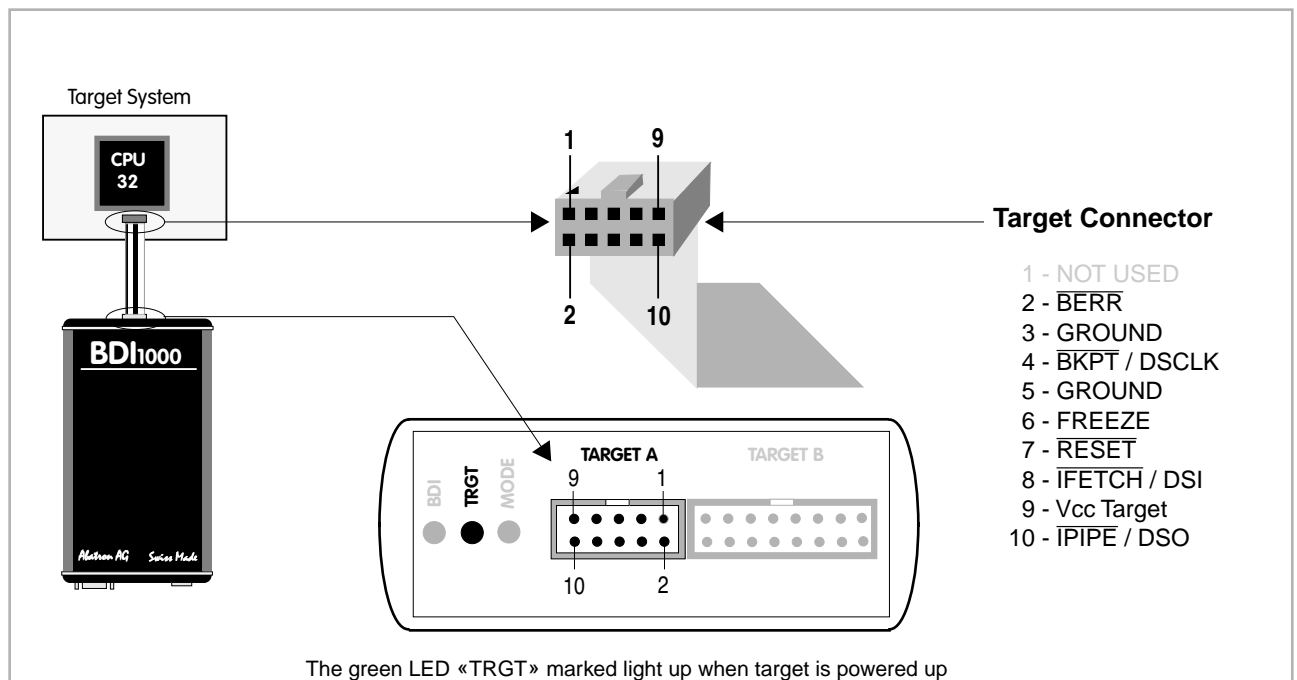
## 2 Installation

### 2.1 Connecting the BDI1000 to Target

The cable to the target system is a ten pin flat ribbon cable. In case where the target system has an appropriate connector, the cable can be directly connected. The pin assignment is in accordance with the Motorola specification.



In order to ensure reliable operation of the BDI (EMC, runtimes, etc.) the target cable length must not exceed 20 cm (8").



For TARGET A connector signals see table on next page.

TARGET A Connector Signals:

Pin	Name	Description
1	---	Not used.
2	$\overline{\text{BERR}}$	<b>BUS ERROR</b> Active-low input to the MCU. Signals an invalid bus operation attempt.
3+5	GROUND	<b>SYSTEM GROUND</b>
4	$\overline{\text{BKPT}} / \text{DSCLK}$	<b>BREAKPOINT</b> For normal modes, active-low input to the MCU. Signals a hardware breakpoint.  <b>DEVELOPMENT SERIAL CLOCK</b> For background debug mode, serial input clock signal to the MCU.
6	FREEZE	<b>FREEZE</b> Active-high output from the MCU. Indicates that the MCU has acknowledged a breakpoint and that it has entered background debug mode.
7	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	<b>RESET</b> Active-low, open-drain, signal to start a system reset.
8	$\overline{\text{IFETCH}} / \text{DSI}$	<b>INSTRUCTION FETCH</b> For normal modes, output signal from the MCU. Indicates instruction pipeline activity.  <b>DATA SERIAL IN</b> For background debug mode, serial data input signal to the MCU.
9	Vcc Target	<b>TARGET POWER</b> This input to the BDI1000 is used to detect if the target is powered up.
10	$\overline{\text{IPIPE}} / \text{DSO}$	<b>INSTRUCTION PIPE</b> For normal modes, output signal from the MCU. Indicates instruction pipeline activity.  <b>DATA SERIAL OUT</b> For background debug mode, serial data output from the MCU.

All the pins except pin 1 need to be connected to the target system for the debug operation.

### 2.1.1 Changing Target Processor Type

Before you can use the BDI1000 with an other target processor type (e.g. CPU32 <--> PPC), a new setup has to be done (see chapter 2.6 «Configuration»). During this process the target cable must be disconnected from the target system. The BDI1000 needs to be supplied **between 2.5V and 5V** via the POWER connector. For more information see chapter 2.2.1 «External Power Supply».



**To avoid data line conflicts, the BDI1000 must be disconnected from the target system while programming the logic for an other target CPU.**

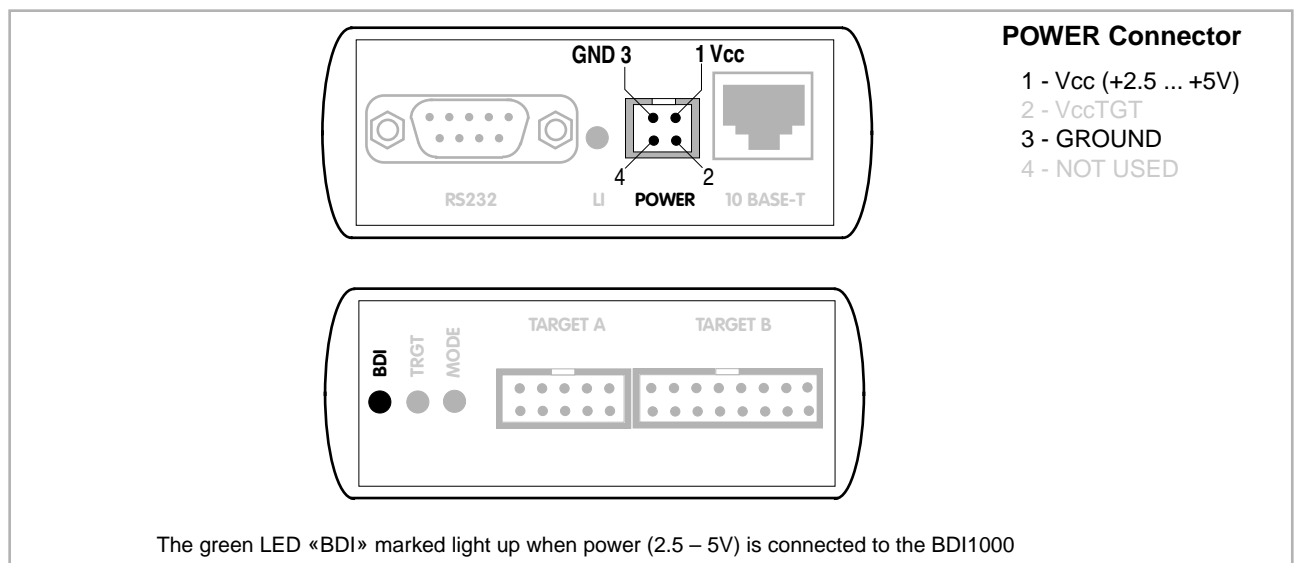
## 2.2 Connecting the BDI1000 to Power Supply

### 2.2.1 External Power Supply

The BDI1000 needs to be supplied **between 2.5V and 5V** via the POWER connector. The available power supply from Abatron (option) or the enclosed power cable can be directly connected. In order to ensure reliable operation of the BDI1000, keep the power supply cable as short as possible.



For error-free operation, the power supply to the BDI1000 must be between 2.5V and 5V DC. **The maximal tolerable supply voltage is 5.25 VDC. Any higher voltage or a wrong polarity might destroy the electronics.**



**Please switch on the system in the following sequence:**

- 1 --> external power supply
- 2 --> target system

### 2.2.2 Power Supply from Target System

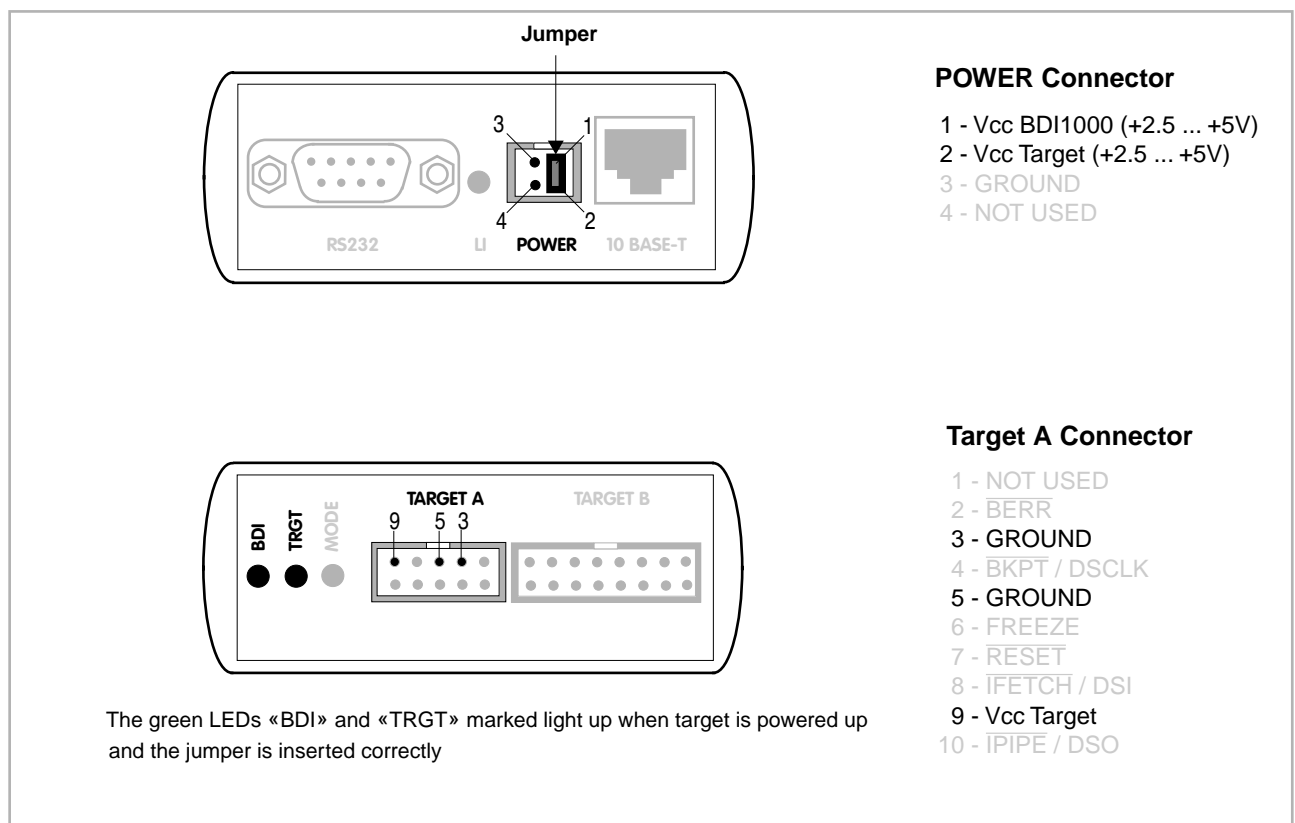
The BDI1000 needs to be supplied between 2.5V and 5V via TARGET A connector. This mode can only be used when the target system runs **between 2.5V and 5V** and the pin «Vcc Target» is able to deliver a current up to:

- 900mA@2.5Vcc Target
- 700mA@3.3Vcc Target
- 450mA@5.0Vcc Target

For pin description and layout see chapter 2.1 «Connecting the BDI1000 to Target». Insert the enclosed Jumper as shown in figure below. **Please ensure that the jumper is inserted correctly.**

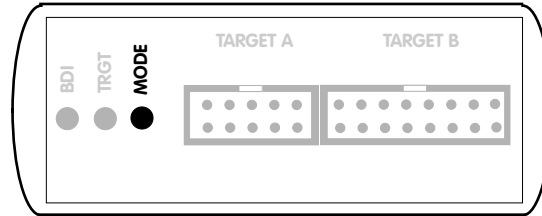


For error-free operation, the power supply to the BDI1000 must be between 2.5V and 5V DC. **The maximal tolerable supply voltage is 5.25 VDC. Any higher voltage or a wrong polarity might destroy the electronics.**



### 2.3 Status LED «MODE»

The built in LED indicates the following BDI states:

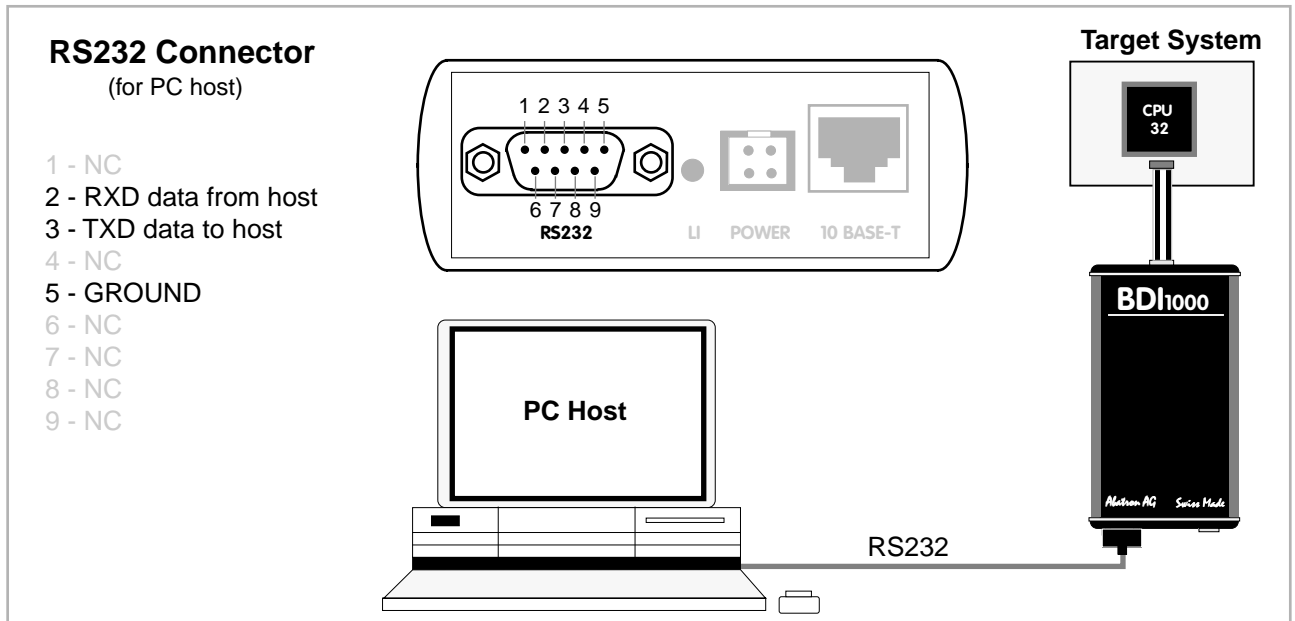


MODE LED	BDI STATES
OFF	The BDI is ready for use, the firmware is already loaded.
ON	The power supply for the BDI1000 is < 2.5VDC.
BLINK	The BDI «loader mode» is active (an invalid firmware is loaded or loading firmware is active).

## 2.4 Connecting the BDI1000 to Host

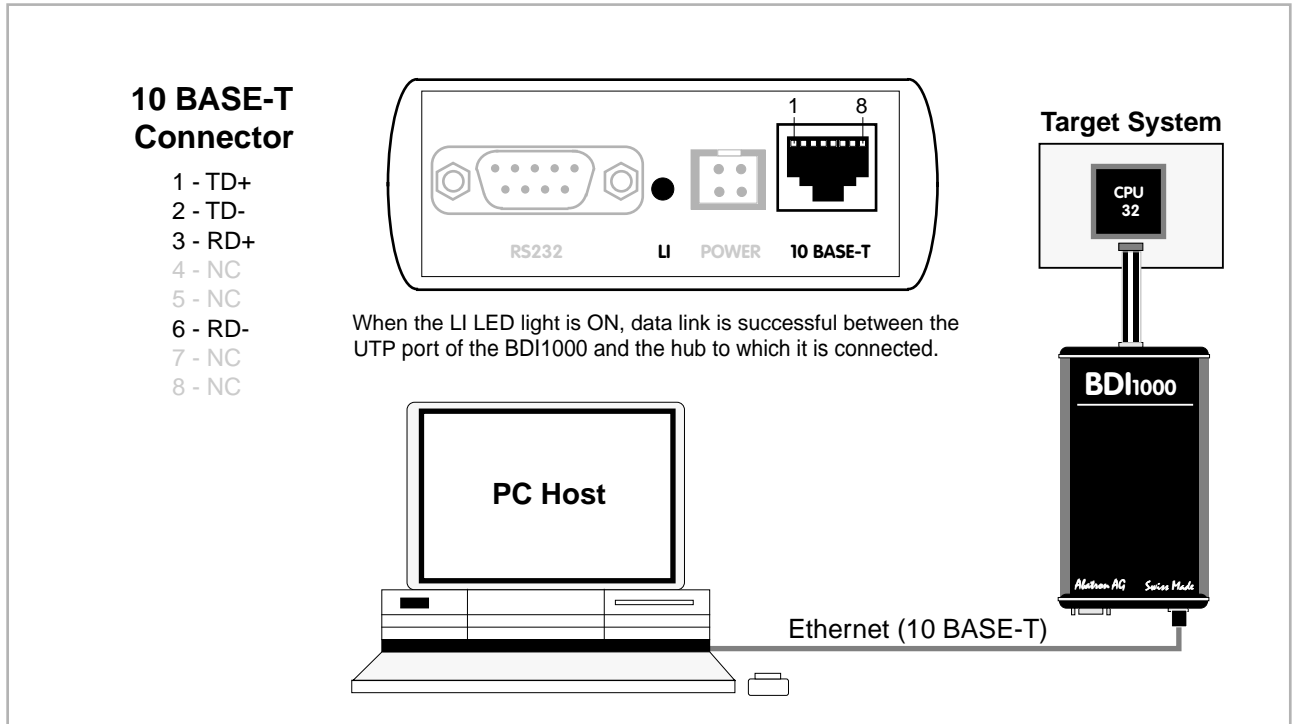
### 2.4.1 Serial line communication

The host is connected to the BDI through the serial interface (COM1...COM4). The communication cable between BDI and Host is a serial cable (RXD / TXD are crossed). There is the same connector pinout for the BDI and for the Host side (Refer to Figure below).



### 2.4.2 Ethernet communication

The BDI1000 has a built-in 10 BASE-T Ethernet interface (see figure below). Connect an UTP (Unshielded Twisted Pair) cable to the BD1000. For thin Ethernet coaxial networks you can connect a commercially available media converter (BNC --> 10 BASE-T) between your network and the BDI1000. Contact your network administrator if you have questions about the network.



## 2.5 Installation of the Configuration Software

On the enclosed diskette you will find the BDI configuration software and the firmware required for the BDI. Copy all these files to a directory on your hard disk.

The following files are on the diskette:

manual.pdf	The installation manual in pdf format
bdiacc.pdf	The bdiAccess interface specification in pdf format
acc32.exe	Setup and demo program (WIN32 application)
acc32.hlp	Helpfile for the setup and demoprogram
b10c32fw.xxx	Firmware for BDI1000 for CPU32 targets
c32jed10.xxx	JEDEC file for the BDI1000 logic device programming
bdiifc32.dll	The bdiAccess library (WIN32-DLL)
bdiifc32.lib	The import library for the bdiAccess DLL (WIN32)
bdiifc.h	The C header file showing the interface to the bdiAccess DLL
access.txt	Information file used by the demo program

### Example of an installation process:

- Copy the entire contents of the enclosed diskette into a directory (e.g. C:\bdi\)
- You may create a new shortcut to the acc32.exe setup program.

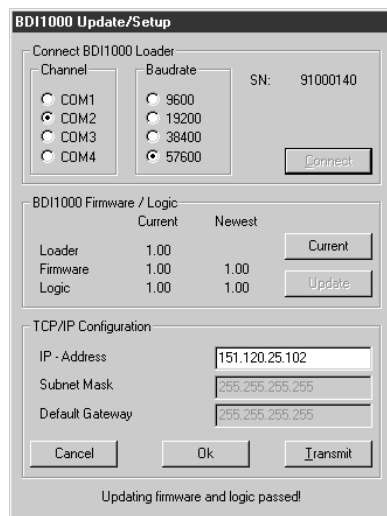
## 2.6 BDI1000 Setup/Update

First make sure that the BDI is properly connected (see Chapter 2.1 to 2.4). The BDI must be connected via RS232 to the Windows host.



**To avoid data line conflicts, the BDI1000 must be disconnected from the target system while programming the logic for an other target CPU (see Chapter 2.1.1).**

The following dialogbox is used to check or update the BDI firmware and logic and to set the network parameters.



*dialog box «BDI1000 Update/Setup»*

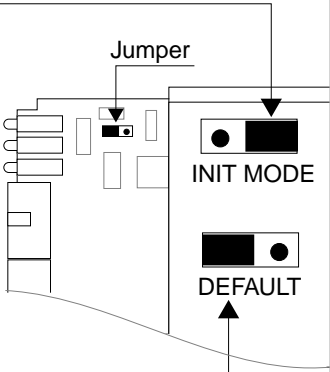
The following options allow you to check or update the BDI firmware and logic and to set the network parameters:

- Channel                      Select the communication port where the BDI1000 is connected during this setup session.
- Baudrate                    Select the baudrate used to communicate with the BDI1000 loader during this setup session.
- Connect                     Click on this button to establish a connection with the BDI1000 loader. Once connected, the BDI1000 remains in loader mode until it is restarted or this dialog box is closed.
- Current                      Press this button to read back the current loaded BDI1000 software and logic versions. The current loader, firmware and logic version will be displayed.
- Update                        This button is only active if there is a newer firmware or logic version present in the execution directory of the BDI setup software. Press this button to write the new firmware and/or logic into the BDI1000 flash memory / programmable logic.

IP Address	Enter the IP address for the BDI1000. Use the following format: xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx e.g.151.120.25.101 Ask your network administrator for assigning an IP address to this BDI1000. Every BDI000 in your network needs a different IP address.
Subnet Mask	Currently not used.
Default Gateway	Currently not used.
Transmit	Click on this button to store the network configuration in the BDI1000 flash memory.

In rare instances you may not be able to load the firmware in spite of a correctly connected BDI (error of the previous firmware in the flash memory). **Before carrying out the following procedure, check the possibilities in Appendix «Troubleshooting».** In case you do not have any success with the tips there, do the following:

- Switch OFF the power supply for the BDI and open the unit as described in Appendix «Maintenance»
- Place the jumper in the «**INIT MODE**» position
- Connect the power cable or target cable if the BDI is powered from target system
- Switch ON the power supply for the BDI again and wait until the LED «MODE» blinks fast
- Turn the power supply OFF again
- Return the jumper to the «**DEFAULT**» position
- Reassemble the unit as described in Appendix «Maintenance»



### 3 Specification

Operating Voltage Limiting	2.5 ... 5.25VDC
Power Supply Current (max)	900mA@2.5V 700mA@3.3V 450mA@5.0V
RS232 Interface: Baud Rates	9'600,19'200, 38'400, 57'600,115'200
Data Bits	8
Parity Bits	none
Stop Bits	1
Network Interface	10 BASE-T
Serial Transfer Rate between BDI and Target	5.5 Mbit/s (BDM) 12 Mbit/s (JTAG)
Supported target voltage	2.7 ... 5 VDC
Operating Temperature	+ 5 °C ... +60 °C
Storage Temperature	-20 °C ... +65 °C
Relative Humidity (noncondensing)	<90 %rF
Size	160 x 85 x 35 mm
Weight (without cables)	280 g
Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	EN 50081-2, EN 50082-2

Specifications subject to change without notice

## 4 Environmental notice



Disposal of the equipment must be carried out at a designated disposal site.

## 5 Declaration of Conformity (CE)

**CE**

**Declaration of Conformity**

This declaration is valid for the following product:

**Type of device:      BDM/JTAG Interface**  
**Product name:        BDI1000**

The signing authorities state, that the above mentioned equipment meets the requirements for emission and immunity according to

**EMC Directive 89/336/EEC**

The evaluation procedure of conformity was assured according to the following standards:


**EN50081-2**  
**EN50082-2**


This declaration of conformity is based on the test report no. QNL-E079-05-9-a of Quinel, Zug, accredited according to EN 45001.

Manufacturer:

**Abatron AG**  
**Stöckenstrasse 4**  
**CH-6221 Rickenbach**

Authority:

  
Max Vock  
Marketing Director

  
Ruedi Dummermuth  
Technical Director

Rickenbach, November 2, 1999

## 6 Warranty

ABATRON Switzerland warrants the physical diskette, cable, BDI1000 and physical documentation to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for a period of 24 months following the date of purchase when used under normal conditions.

In the event of notification within the warranty period of defects in material or workmanship, ABATRON will replace defective diskette, cable, BDI1000 or documentation. The remedy for breach of this warranty shall be limited to replacement and shall not encompass any other damages, including but not limited loss of profit, special, incidental, consequential, or other similar claims. ABATRON Switzerland specifically disclaims all other warranties- expressed or implied, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for particular purposes - with respect to defects in the diskette, cable, BDI1000 and documentation, and the program license granted herein, including without limitation the operation of the program with respect to any particular application, use, or purposes. In no event shall ABATRON be liable for any loss of profit or any other commercial damage, including but not limited to special, incidental, consequential, or other damages.

Failure in handling which leads to defects are not covered under this warranty. The warranty is void under any self-made repair operation except exchanging the fuse.

## Appendices

### A Troubleshooting

#### Problem

The firmware can not be loaded.

#### Possible reasons

- The BDI is not correctly connected with the target system (see chapter 2).
- The power supply of the target system is switched off or not in operating range (2.5 VDC ... 5 VDC) --> MODE LED is OFF or RED
- The built in fuse is damaged --> MODE LED is OFF
- The BDI is not correctly connected with the Host (see chapter 2).
- A wrong communication port (Com 1...Com 4) is selected.

#### Problem

No working with the target system (loading firmware is ok).

#### Possible reasons

- Wrong pin assignment (BDM/JTAG connector) of the target system (see chapter 2).
- Target system initialization is not correctly --> enter an appropriate target initialization list.
- An incorrect IP address was entered (BDI1000 configuration)
- BDM/JTAG signals from the target system are not correctly (short-circuit, break, ...).
- The target system is damaged.

#### Problem

Network processes do not function (loading the firmware was successful)

#### Possible reasons

- The BDI1000 is not connected or not correctly connected to the network (LAN cable or media converter)
- An incorrect IP address was entered (BDI1000 configuration)

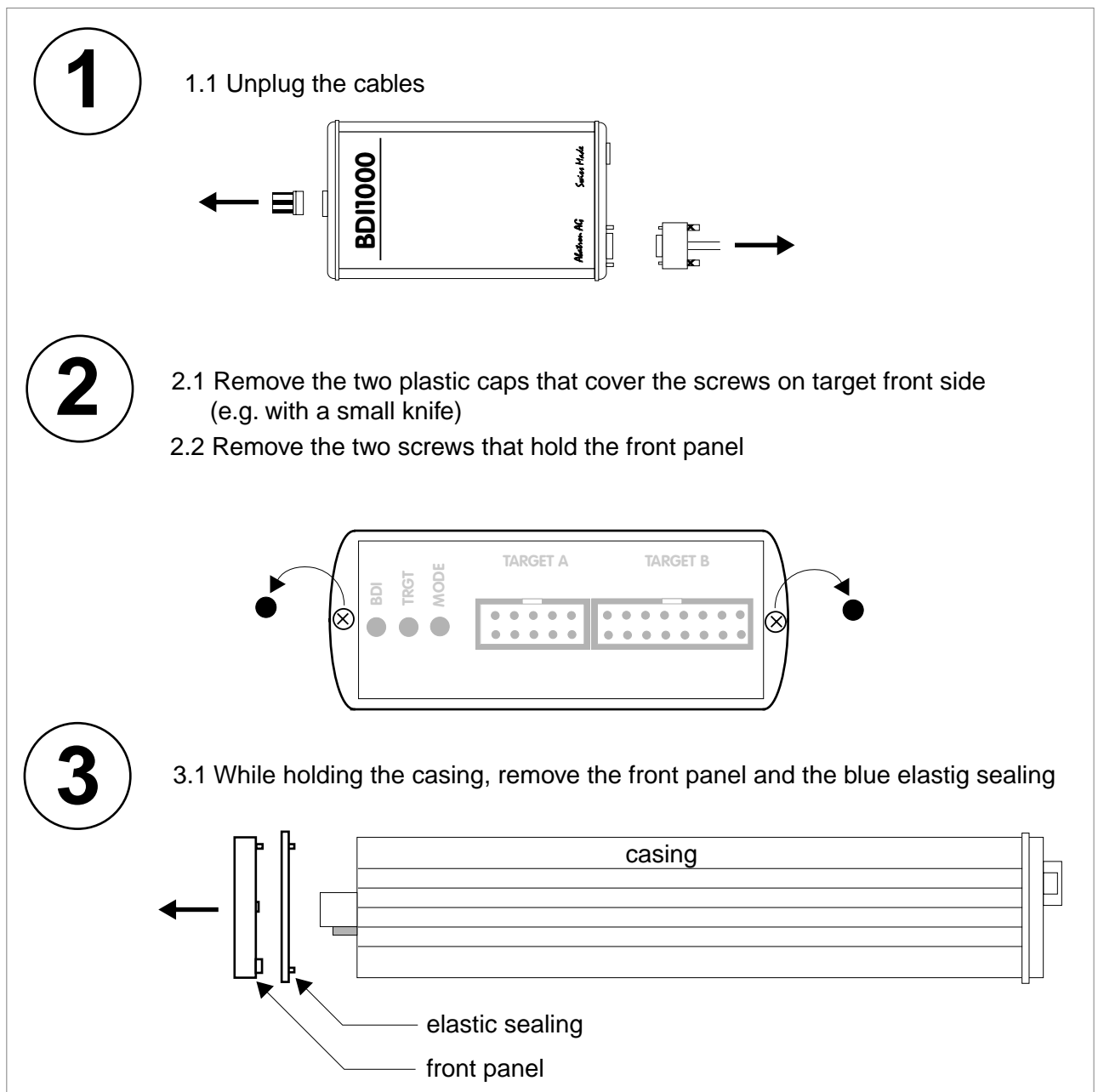
## B Maintenance

The BDI needs no special maintenance. Clean the housing with a mild detergent only. Solvents such as gasoline may damage it.

If the BDI is connected correctly and it is still not responding, then the built in fuse might be damaged (in cases where the device was used with wrong supply voltage or wrong polarity). To exchange the fuse or to perform special initialization, please proceed according to the following steps:

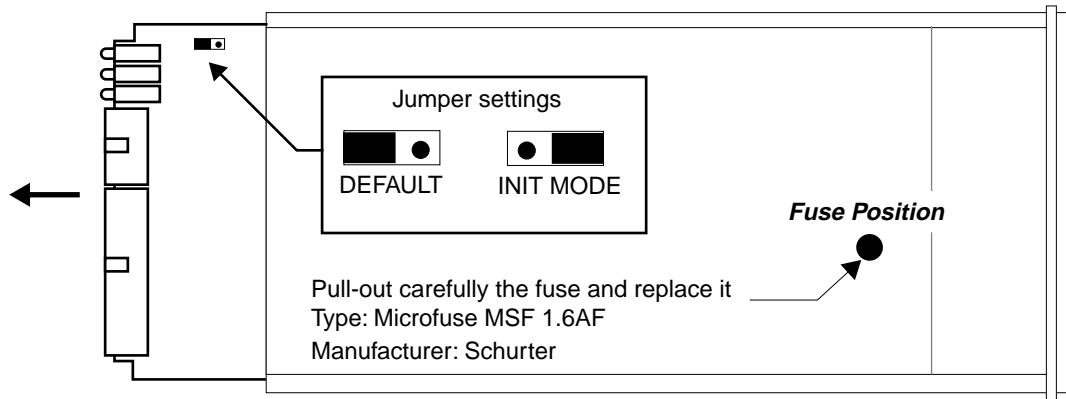


**Observe precautions for handling (Electrostatic sensitive device)  
Unplug the cables before opening the cover.  
Use exact fuse replacement (Microfuse MSF 1.6 AF).**



**4**

4.1 While holding the casing, slide carefully the print in position as shown in figure below

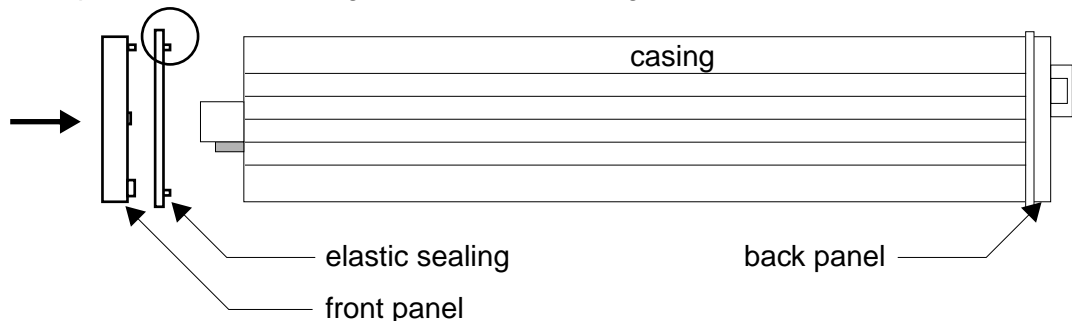


**5**

**Reinstallation**

5.1 Slide back carefully the print. Control that the LEDs align with the holes in the back panel.

5.2 Push carefully the front panel and the blue elastic sealing on the casing. Check that the LEDs align with the holes in the front panel and that the position of the sealing is as shown in the figure below.



5.3 Mount the screws (do not overtighten it)

5.4 Mount the two plastic caps that cover the screws

5.5 Plug the cables



**Observe precautions for handling (Electrostatic sensitive device)  
Unplug the cables before opening the cover.  
Use exact fuse replacement (Microfuse MSF 1.6 AF).**

## **C Trademarks**

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